Datasheet 10 Gbps 850nm VCSEL



DESCRIPTION

Inneos' 850nm 10 Gbps VCSEL was designed for standard commercial operational environments from 0°C to +85°C. The device has top side anode and cathode wirebond pad contacts to support a variety of packaging options.



FEATURES

- Wide operating temperature from 0°C to +85°C
- Top-emitting
- Single channel

ORDERING INFORMATION

PART NUMBER	DESCRIPTION	
V850-10GSA-1TGA	10 Gbps 850 nm VCSEL, Bare Die,	
	0°C to +85°C, Gel-Pak	

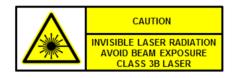
APPLICATIONS

- **Transmitter Optical Sub-Assemblies**
- **Ethernet Transceivers**
- Fiber Channel Transceivers



ATTENTION: OBSERVE PRECAUTIONS FOR HANDLING ELECTROSTATIC DEVICES

Stress conditions greater than those listed under "Absolute Maximum Ratings" may permanently damage the device. Operation of devices beyond these stress conditions for extended periods may effect device reliability



ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS

PARAMETER	SYMBOL	MIN	MAX	UNITS
Storage Temperature Range	Ts	-65	135	°C
Operating Temperature Range	T _o	0	85	°C
Reverse Voltage	V_R		6	V
Continuous Forward Current	I _F		10	mA
ESD Protection (HBM)			200	V

10 Gbps 850nm VCSEL

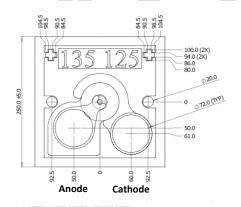


OPTICAL/ELECTRICAL SPECIFICATIONS

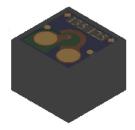
PARAMETER	CONDITIONS	SYMBOL	UNITS	MIN	TYPICAL	MAX
Emission Wavelength	T _o =30°C @ 6mA	λ_c	nm	840	850	860
Variation of Wavelength with Temperature	-	$\frac{\Delta \lambda}{\Delta T}$	nm/°C	-	0.06	-
Spectral Width ^a	T _o =30°C @ 6mA	σ_{λ}	nm	-	0.6	-
Threshold Current ^b	T _o =0°C, 85°C	ı	mA	-	-	2.5
	T _o =30°C	I_{th}		-	1.6	1.8
Average Operating Current		I_{avg}	mA	-	6	-
Operating Voltage	T₀=0°C @ 6mA	V_o	V _o V	-	2.1	2.9
	T _o =85°C @ 6mA			-	1.8	2.4
Optical Output Power	T _o =0°C @ 6mA	P_o	mW	-	3.0	-
	T _o =30°C @ 6mA			-	3.0	-
	T₀=85°C @ 6mA			-	2.6	-
Small Signal Bandwidth ^c	T₀=85°C @ 6mA	f_{3dB}	GHz	7.5	-	-
Beam Divergence Half Angle (1/e²) d	T _o =30°C @ 6mA	$\theta_{1/2}$	deg	-	21	-
Slope Efficiency ^e	T _o =0°C	SE	$mW/_{mA}$	-	0.7	-
	T _o =85°C	SE	/mA	-	0.7	-
Differential Resistance ^f	T _o =0°C @ 6mA	R_{diff}	Ω	-	75	-
	T₀ =85°C @ 6mA			-	50	-

MECHANICAL OUTLINE

Dimensions are in microns.



250.0 ±5.0



NOTES UNLESS OTHERWISE SPECIFIED:

1. INTERPRET DRAWING IN ACCORDANCE WITH ASME Y14.5-2009.

2. SUBSTRATE MATERIAL: GAAS.

3. WREBOND PAD MATERIAL: 1 mm GOLD.

4. WREBOND SHALLE BETULY CONTAINED WITHIN BOND PAD OPENINGS.

ELECTROSTATIC-DISCHARGE SENSITIVE DEVICE: FOLLOW ESD PROTECTIVE HANDLING PROCEDURES IN ACCORDANCE WITH ANSI/ESD S20.20-2014.

Datasheet

10 Gbps 850nm VCSEL



PARAMETER CALCULATION METHODS USED

a. Spectral width is calculated based on FOTP-127 where the spectral level of the measured spectra below 20dB from maximum value are made zero and RMS spectral width is calculated based on formula

$$\Delta \lambda_{RMS} = \sqrt{\frac{\sum_{i=1}^{N} P_{i} \lambda_{i}^{2}}{\sum_{i=1}^{N} P_{i}}} - (\frac{\sum_{i=1}^{N} P_{i} \lambda_{i}}{\sum_{i=1}^{N} P_{i}})^{2}$$

where ' λ_i ' is the wavelength and ' P_i ' is the optical power level of the i_{th} point in the spectra.

- b. The threshold current is derived by a linear fit method using 10% and 20% of peak optical power points. Threshold current is the point at which the optical power is zero using the linear fit.
- c. The small signal bandwidth is obtained from optical response measurements at set current and reading the cut off frequency at which the power level is 3dB down from the power level at DC.
- d. Beam divergence half-angle is derived from measurement of optical power in far-field at various angles. The half-angle is the angular deviation from center where the power reduces by '1/e'.
- e. The slope efficiency is derived by linear fit method using 10% and 20% of peak optical power points. Slope efficiency is the slope of the lineal fit of optical power and drive current.
- f. Differential resistance at point 'i' of the measured LIV is calculated based on formula,

$$R_{diff} = \frac{V_i - V_{i-1}}{I_i - I_{i-1}}$$

where ' V_i ', ' V_{i-1} ' are the measured voltages at set currents ' I_i ' and ' I_{i-1} ' respectively.